

Gen. Taylor's Letter. Our Correspondent "Halifax" thus speaks in a letter of the effect produced in Washington City by the Signal of Gen. Taylor:

WASHINGTON CITY, June 25, 1847.

General Taylor's letter to the Editor of the Cincinnati Signal has played the part of the signal of the Taylor federation of Washington, and all along-shore, if one may judge from the conversation of those of the opposition here who insist upon making a politician of the gallant Major General, commanding the army of occupation, are from the South; and their main argument to coax Southern democrats to abandon time-honored principles and unite with them in declaring for Gen. Taylor, without the least intimation of the policy which he may design to carry out if elected, has been the moral certainty that, with the veto power in his hands, the South would of course be safe from the process of the Wilcox proviso.

Yea, may I judge from their clamor on reading in this letter, a distinct and definite pledge (embraced in his avowed hearty approval of the sentiments of the editorial to which his communication is a reply), not to interfere with the veto power to save the South in case an anti-slavery majority may enact this virtual abrogation of the slave-trade, or the constitution.

I cannot believe that Gen. Taylor is aware that he has endorsed the Wilcox proviso. A little federal sheet published in this city, that assumes to be the Taylor paper of the metropolis, doubts the authenticity of this letter, and not only denounces it, but by fair implication, the General himself, in round terms, if the letter be really his, and connects it with the little paper in question, appear to question it. In Cincinnati, where the Editor of the Signal is known, the Whigs one and all are satisfied that it is genuine.

I am really called to blush for my countrymen on hearing the comments made by Whigs and Democrats on this letter. Many of them say he exhibited in this epistle. Many of them who but a few hours ago were ready to shout and bluster down every man not ready to acknowledge that he (Gen. T.) had already proved himself in all respects superior to Jackson and quite equal to Washington, now say that if he gets their support, must pledge himself to make an out-and-out whig administration in all things save anti-slavery; and in that, must do away with his unfortunate pledge of this letter. You will perceive from the little paper in question, how well as Democrats, regard this pledge as having been thus given.

Conscience whigs, on the other hand, do not appear to be moved from their consistent hostility to his claims to the presidency. Many of them sneeringly set down this implied pledge as but a bid for Northern support—maintaining that before they can entertain a thought of looking to our regular army in the field for a civil head of the government, the aspirant from that quarter must prove the sincerity of his attachment to the Wilcox proviso by "setting his bond-men free," &c.

It is gratifying, indeed, to know that the democrats neither sought to use the General's fame for sinister partisan purposes, nor do they now follow the example of so many of the opposition who sneer and swear at him in round terms.

Another Letter from Gen. Taylor.

The Troy "Daily Post" publishes the following letter from Gen. Taylor, addressed to a citizen of Lansburgh. The editor of the "Post" has seen the original. This letter takes the same position that the one in the "Signal" does, and contributes to establish the authenticity of that letter. What will the skeptics of the "National Whig," and its kindred prints now say?

HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF OCCUPATION.
Camp near Monterey, May 29, 1847.

DEAR SIR: It is with much pleasure that I acknowledge the receipt of your most interesting letter of the 1st instant, and in which I desire to reply to the kind consideration for myself, and more so of my high appreciation of the upright and patriotic sentiments which are the principal tenor of your letter; and I am burdened with official duties, and at this moment with many letters from distant sources, that I cannot do more than to acknowledge your letter to me to reply to you in a few lines.

The presidential office presents no inducements to me to seek its honors or responsibilities; the tranquility of private life, on the contrary, is the great object of my aspirations on the conclusion of the war; but I am not insensible to the persuasion that the services yet due to the country, as the country shall be fit to command them. If still as a soldier, I am satisfied; if in higher and more responsible duties, I desire not to oppose the manifest will of the people. But I will not be the candidate of any party or clique; and should the nation at large seek to place me in the chair of chief magistracy, I will not be a candidate, and the national good would be my great and absorbing aim. Sentiments such as these have been the burden of my replies to all who have addressed me on this subject, expressing the assurance that, by the spontaneous and unanimous voice of the people and from no agency of mine, I can be withdrawn from the cherished hopes of private retirement and tranquility when peace shall return.

Please accept, with this my brief reply, the warm appreciation and high consideration of yours.

Yours, most sincerely,
Z. TAYLOR.
Maj. Gen. U. S. Army.

Letter from a Volunteer.

We make the following extracts from a letter written by Isaiah L. Goodin, one of the Volunteers from this County, to his friend, John B. Johns, Esq. The letter is interesting, and we regret that our limits will not permit us to lay it at length before our readers:

"CERALEO, MEXICO, May 29, 1847.

As I have not as yet received any news from you, I have been to think that you have forgotten me. If you only know how much good it does a soldier to get a scratch from his friends, you would write every week. My last letter was dated at Camargo, and by this you will learn that we have left that grave yard, and moved further up the country, much to the joy and satisfaction of every man in the Regiment. Ceraleo is a delightful little village, and purer water you never saw flow from the earth than we have here. As we proceed up the country it becomes healthy and mountainous, abounding in springs and brooks of the best water—also Oranges, Figs, Pomgranates, Melons, Peaches, &c. Since I wrote your last I have been up the country as far as Monterey, and though the march was long and tiresome, yet I assure you I felt fully compensated. The country is a delightful one, and the people generally somewhat enlightened.

"I designed this letter more as a contradictory one than otherwise. I have heard the foolish notion was so far lost to all sense of honor and shame as to circulate a very injurious report concerning some declarations said to have been made by me in relation to the War and the Government. You may say for me, through the Standard, Register, Star, or any other paper in the State, that I have never expressed the least dissatisfaction at my situation, and that the reports have always expressed as myself perfectly satisfied and contented; and as I engaged my services to Uncle Sam for the War, be it long or short, I am determined to do my duty without grumbling. There is not a man in the Regiment that is more willing or more anxious to fight for his country than I am; and as to being dissatisfied, the author of the report is a friend of the Republic of all truth. I wish you to deny these reports wherever you may hear them, and to let the dastardly wretch who started them know that I have heard of his shameful conduct even in Mexico. And how mean and low must be that man, who could thus take advantage of a soldier two thousand miles from home and friends acting in the defence of his country's rights?"

The New York Express of the 9th instant says: "The news received since our last, by the steamer to the 19th ult., has been of uncommon importance, and has had a decided effect on our markets. The decline in Breadstuffs in England, together with the prospect of a good harvest, has caused a similar reaction here. Flour has fallen a dollar a barrel; Wheat, Rye and Corn, from a dollar to twenty cents a bushel—this is truly a great falling off. Still prices range, compared with former years, at a very high rate. We are now far advanced in the sale of the last year's crop, an unusual portion of which has been exported, and all at enormously high prices. The country has never received so much, or have ever been made as wealthy for any one year's production, as the last. The effects of which are most sensibly felt in all branches of trade. We are now at the commencement of another year of plenty: the harvesting has already begun, and although there are complaints in some sections of the country, yet from the increased quantity of seed put in the ground, there can be but little doubt that the produce of the earth will be as great, and even greater, than has ever before been known. Prices are now sufficiently high for the interest of all classes, and there can be very little doubt but that we are to enjoy a rather year of prosperity."

The Cotton Market in New York was firm on the 9th instant, and prices were as follows:

Upland and Florida. Mobile and N. O.

Ord to good 10 1/4 10 1/4 10 1/4
Mid to good 10 1/4 10 1/4 10 1/4
Mid fair to 11 1/4 11 1/4 11 1/4
Fully fair to 12 1/4 12 1/4 12 1/4

Flour had fallen to \$6 to \$6 12 1/2 per barrel, and Wheat to \$1 29 to \$1 40 per bushel. Corn was worth only from 65 to 75 cents per bushel.

In Wilmington, on the 8th instant, Corn was selling at 95 cents to \$1 per bushel; Flour from \$7 50 to \$9 25 per barrel; and sales of Timber had ranged within the past week from \$5 to \$7 for ordinary inferior Mill Timber, and \$10 for extra lengths or shipping Timber. The Journal says of *Nant Stores*: "The receipts of Turpentine continue light. We notice a sale of 300 barrels per Rail Road, a good article, and in good order, at \$2 75 for new Virginia, and \$2 37 1/2 for Yellow Dip. We quote for prices to day, Yellow Dip, \$2 20 a \$2 25—Virgin, \$2 50 a \$2 60. The lowest figure is the price of River Turpentine. Tar is in brisk demand, with a bare market. Last sales, \$1 85. We hear of nothing doing in *Spirits Turpentine* or *Rosin*."

In Fayetteville on the 10th instant, Cotton was commanding from 10 to 10 1/2 cents per pound; Corn 75 to 80 cents per bushel; Flour \$6 25 to \$6 75 per barrel; and Wheat \$1 to \$1 10 per bushel.

Latest from Mexico.

The latest intelligence from Mexico is not very important. Gen. Scott was still at Puebla, awaiting reinforcements; Gen. Cadwallader, on his way up to join Gen. Scott, had met the Guerrillas and repulsed them, killing sixty of the enemy and losing ten of his own men; the train under the command of Gen. Pillow had also, it is stated, been attacked, and the enemy repulsed. The *New Orleans Southern* of July 3d says:

"The accounts from Mexico give us information that Gen. Scott will meet with considerable resistance in his march from Puebla to Mexico. Whether one great battle or a series of skirmishes, some where between these two cities, will decide the fate of Mexico, is left in uncertainty. The reports are numerous that fortifications are in progress a few miles beyond Puebla, and at several other points on the road. The news henceforth will be of the utmost importance. We must expect to hear of new exhibitions of American bravery, and a story of suffering, yet of triumph. This is evident, both from the expressed determination of the Mexicans to defend the city, and of Gen. Scott to possess it at any cost. There has been no defeat of our arms since the commencement of the war; and it is certain that with such a body of men, as Scott has under his command, accompanied by some of the best officers in the world, such a thing as a failure cannot be."

The prospect of a peace seems to be as dull as ever, though the Clergy, who are known to hold power really, whoever may for the time being administer the Government, are thought to be more disposed to come to terms. Gen. Scott's conquering flag must wave over the halls of Montezuma, before this infuriated people can be brought to a full knowledge of their condition.

Correspondence.

Extract from a letter from a leading Republican of the West, dated

CHARLOTTE, July 8, 1847.

"In our District Col. Barringer, under the Federal *Ryderman*—has no regular opposition; but we Democrats intend, as a compliment to that able brother in the cause, Walter F. Leak, to attend the polls and vote for him informally. It will be a compliment he richly deserves. We want to elect him to canvass the District as a regular candidate."

"I rejoice to see you laboring so manfully to forward the election of Gen. Daniel. Although two of his opponents (Messrs. Toole and Pritchard) are, or heretofore have been, more nearly allied to me in political sentiment than the General, yet I am highly disapprover their extraordinary course, and if I were in the District I should give my cordial support to the candidate of the party. And may I not hope every Democrat in the District will thus act? Look at the example of our opponents in the Guilford District. There were three federalists in the field, but no Democrat. A Democrat came out, and the federalists withdrew and went for the other most heartily. Will our party in North Carolina never learn wisdom? The re-election of Gen. Daniel and Col. Biggs, and the success of Mr. Venable in the Orange district, would greatly rejoice the Democracy of the West—buried up as they are under the mountains of federalism heaped upon them by the last wicked Mexican Legislature at Raleigh."

For the North Carolina Standard.

4th July Celebration.

MA. HOLDEN: Let the censure of your correspondent, in your last paper, for the close of the houses of worship of this city against 4th July celebrations, full where in it cannot apply to be *Christian Chapel* in the Baptist Grove. That house of worship is not so large and fine as some of the others, but a hearty welcome has ever been the response of its owners, for every application heretofore made for the use of it for celebrating the birth day of American Freedom, and for any other proper purpose, that could be useful or gratifying to our fellow citizens—and so it will ever be. And, with the improvements to the gallery, seats, &c., which the small and poor church which worships there, hopes to be able to make, etc. and our Anniversary rolls around, it is believed that all can be comfortably seated there, who may wish to be so, on such occasions. A TRUSTEE.

Henry Clay Baptized. We learn from a correspondent of the Baptist Banner, that the Hon. Henry Clay was baptized on the 22d ult., in one of the beautiful ponds of his own estate, near Lexington. He united with the Episcopal church, but demanded immersion. *Philad. Bulletin*.

Corporation Proceedings.

At a Meeting of the Intendant of Police and Board of Commissioners of the City of Raleigh, held this evening, 10th July 1847, present, William D. Haywood, Intendant, and William W. Holden, S. W. Whiting, George W. Haywood, Jno. Hutchins, and Madison B. Royter, Commissioners.

The Intendant stated that his object in calling a Meeting of the Board at the present time, was that the City authorities might at once take some action in reference to free persons of color, residents of the City: Whereupon, on motion it was Resolved, That the Ordinance which provides as to the conditions on which free persons of color shall be permitted to reside in this City, be hereafter rigidly enforced.

This Ordinance provides that no free person of color shall be allowed to reside in the City without a written permit from the Intendant and Board of Commissioners. On motion, Messrs. Whiting, Holden, and Hutchins were appointed a Committee to co-operate with the Intendant in carrying out the ordinance into effect. The Intendant and the Committee will meet at the Town Hall on Monday next, the 19th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. All free persons of color in this City are hereby notified to attend on that occasion.

Mr. John J. Haley having addressed a note to the Board, asking permission to put up posts along some of the streets for the telegraphic wires, on motion leave was granted, and a committee consisting of Messrs. G. W. Haywood, Hutchins, and Holden was appointed to confer with that gentleman on the subject.

Heavy complaints having been made to the Board in relation to Goats running at large in the City, on motion the following Ordinance was adopted:

Whereas, there are now running at large in this City a number of Goats, which are a public nuisance; for remedy whereof

Be it ordained by the Commissioners of the City of Raleigh, and it is hereby ordered, That a fine of five dollars be imposed on every Goat running at large as aforesaid in said City, the said fine to be paid by the owner or owners of said Goats on or before the first day of August next; and in case said fine shall not be paid on or by the day aforesaid, then and in that case it shall be the duty of the City Constable to put up said Goats at public sale to the highest bidder, and if there shall be no purchaser, then to kill every such Goat on which the said fine shall not have been paid.

On motion, the Board adjourned.

B. B. SMITH, Clerk.

A gentleman, long a resident of the city of Mexico, in which country his opportunities for observation have been numerous, assured us, in a recent conversation that we had with him, that the influence most potent in the encouragement of the Mexicans during the present war, was the course of the federal newspapers and federal leaders in this country. Their anti-war opinions were repeatedly and exultingly copied into the Mexican papers. This fact did not astonish us, mortifying as it was to hear it so authentic a source.

Pennsylvanian.

The Hon. Jacob Thompson has been nominated for re-election to Congress in the 1st district. No other name was placed before the convention, and he was nominated by acclamation. We are glad that the democrats of the 1st district have thus manifested their approval of his course, and have shown their determination not to desert him. Though he has been the special object of attack by scribbles for the whig press in this State, we predict that the people, who know him best, will elect him to Congress by an overwhelming majority.

Yazoo (Miss) Democrat.

Use of Corn. A Yankee passing through the Miami valley, made this inquiry of a young farmer who had just been replenishing the inner man with a drop of consolation: "I say Mister, what is the staple product of this 'ere section of country?" "Corn, sir," was the reply—"corn; we raise here seventy bushels to the acre, and manufacture it—hic—into whiskey, to say nothing—hic—of what is wasted for bread."

Scarcely a day passes in which we do not receive some new testimonial in favor of Wistar's Balm. The subject was sent to us by an entire stranger, who could have been influenced by no selfish motive.

New Hampton, April 6, 1846.

Dr. Fowler:—Having been troubled about four years with pain in the side and stomach, and after trying various remedies but to no effect, I tried the Balm of Wild Cherry, which gave me immediate relief and I am hereby assured the public, that in my opinion, it is the best medicine for Lung and Consumption complaints which has ever been introduced to the public, and I judge from my own experience.

None genuine, unless signed J. Butts on the wrapper.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

MARRIED.

Near Athens, Alabama, on the 16th June, at the residence of Freeman Crenshaw, Esq. by the Rev. J. C. Elliott, Dr. John S. Blair, of Limestone county, to Miss Emily Ann Dunn, daughter of Nathaniel Dunn, Esq. of Franklin county, N. C.

On the evening of the 15th inst., by Dr. Hooper, Mr. Archibald McDowell of Kershaw District S. C. to Miss Mary H. Owen, daughter of John Owen deceased, of Wake Forest.

DIED.

In Wake county, on the 25th day of June last, William J. Halliburton, a Revolutionary soldier, in the 87th year of his age. Mr. Halliburton retained his senses to the last.

At Wake county, on Sunday the 27th day of June last, in the 24th year of his age, Mr. James H. Terrell, son of Harrison Terrell, Esq. He was intelligent, industrious, and well disposed, and was the pride of his parents and beloved by all who knew him. He has been cut down in the morning of his life, but the fond hope is indulged that he was prepared for his departure, and that he is now happy in Heaven. May God comfort his bereaved parents, and sanctify his death to the good of his relations and friends! [Com.]

At Seralvo, Mexico, on the 24th day of November, 1846, Wm. S. Parker, of Halifax county, N. C. The deceased was a volunteer in the Lafayette Volunteer's Company, Capt. Delay, 1st Regiment Mississippi Volunteers, mustered into the service of the United States on the 15th day of June, 1846. This notice is given, late as it is, at the request of the unfortunate and patriotic young man, before he took his departure from this world, on the return of Capt. Delay in Mississippi.

The Register and North Carolina Standard will please insert the within notice, so as to enable the relatives of the deceased to receive from the Government the *pittance* which is due him for the services rendered his country, in the performance of which he lost his life.

We can say to the relatives of the deceased, that previous to his enlistment in the army, he lived in our community, respected and esteemed by all who knew him.

Hernando (Miss) Monterey.

For We are requested to announce JAMES L. CLEGG, Esq. of Davidson, as a Candidate to represent the Fourth District, composed of the Counties of Stokes, Rockingham, Guilford, Randolph, and Davidson, in the Congress of the United States. Mr. CLEGG is a friend of the Administration, and in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the existing war with Mexico.

April 10, 1847. 649—1f.

THE LADIES' SALOON.

FOUNDED IN 1842, RE-MODELED AND ENLARGED IN 1847.

THE Subscriber feeling grateful for the patronage bestowed on him for the last five years, would inform the public that the Ladies' Saloon has been re-modelled and enlarged to make its size and elegant accommodations equal to the increased and steadily increasing business of that fashionable establishment. These improvements are now all completed, and our friends in North Carolina and Virginia, will find the Ladies' Saloon to be one of the handsomest and most convenient Boot and Shoe Stores in the United States.

The Stock of Boots and Shoes.

Now in the Ladies' Saloon, and in the Wholesale Ware-rooms, up stairs, is worth at least \$30,000. Embracing in it the most unbounded variety of the richest and choicest Goods.

LADIES' WEAR.

Ladies' Linen Gaiters, a new material imported from Europe, in February, 1847. They resemble silk Gaiters and cannot be told from it while on the feet.

Ladies' brilliant bronze and black French Lasting Gaiters—the most superior quality.

Do. Polka Boots, black and bronze, made entirely from French leather.

Do. pure white kid and satin Slippers.

Do. genuine black English kid do.

Do. French do.

Do. Morocco Slippers, the greatest variety to be found anywhere, at all prices from 50 cents a pair, upwards.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Gentlemen's superior French Boots, the handsomest do. Patent Calf skin do. in Norfolk.

Do. Calf skin and Goat Morocco Boots of almost every quality varying in price from two to five dollars and upwards.

Gentlemen's Cloth Gaiters of various styles.

Do. Boots at all prices.

Boys' and Youth's Boots and Booties.

Misses Gaiters Boots and Morocco shoes of every kind.

The Ladies' Saloon now produces over twenty thousand pairs of Children's Shoes, comprising an assortment of at least eight different kinds, and the proprietors of the Ladies' Saloon, will not only supply with any kind and even with any color of Boots or Shoes for their children.

Servant's Gaiter Skin Boots and Leather and Morocco Boots of all kinds.

Men's servant's Gaiters, Boots, and Booties of various qualities.

Travelling Trunks.

Ladies' splendid Travelling Trunks—the Wardrobe Trunk, with several separate compartments, complete, with bonnet and case, all finished in the most approved and convenient style for travelling.

Also, Ladies' Bonnet Cases and Wilton and Brussels Carpet Trunks, of the most splendid patterns.

Gentlemen's real Leather Trunks, made from the English Sole Leather, with a number of apartments, including one for shaving and dressing cases.

Boys' and Misses' School Trunks, very spacious and strong, for carrying books and college, Parents and Guardians' attention is called to these desirable Trunks.

Also, common Leather and Hair Trunks, in abundance.

Strangers visiting Norfolk for any purpose would be interested by calling on the Ladies' Saloon, as they will find many kinds of New Goods in that fashionable establishment which cannot be had at any other store.

Besides our foreign correspondents in the principal European cities, we have our own agents in London, who will always be prepared to send the latest fashions in this city and to exhibit for sale the newest goods on their first appearance elsewhere, and before they shall be procured by the wholesale and retail trade.

Our Wholesale Ware-rooms, up stairs, are well filled with choice lots of Boots and Shoes and BAGGAGE (selected expressly for retailing) and will be sold to Country Merchants and others, at wholesale prices.

The Ladies' Saloon is on Main street, near Walter's City Hotel, Norfolk, Virginia.

WILLIAM H. ADDINGTON.
Norfolk 662—

July 1, 1847.

IMPORTANT LAND SALES.

IN CHATHAM AND MOORE COUNTIES.

PURSUANT to an order of the Supreme Court, 1 MILE, on the county line of Moore and Chatham, on Thursday, the 7th day of October next, the following Tracts of Land, to wit:

IN CHATHAM COUNTY.

150 acres on Tyson's Creek, adjoining the lands of McManis, Phillips, and others.

95 1/2 acres on Tyson's Creek, adjoining the lands of McManis, Phillips, and others.

235 acres on Bear Creek, known as the Gilbert tract.

200 do. on the south side of Deep River, called the Dowdy mountain tract.

100 acres in Jones' creek, formerly in possession of John Pe.

1064 acres in four tracts, known as the Wilkie lands.

50 do. on the waters of Line creek, formerly Sabra Gilbert's.

275 acres in two tracts on the waters of Indian creek, formerly Robert Moore's.

300 acres on Indian creek, called the Jerry Phillip's Land, adjoining the lands of Barnes Griffin and others.

50 acres on the waters of Roger's creek, formerly John McIntosh's.

75 acres on the waters of Flat Branch and Indian creek, known as the Wm. Hilliard land.

100 do. on the waters of Bear creek, formerly Wm. Larkin's.

115 acres adjoining the Lands of John McIntosh and the County Line.

50 acres on the waters of Stinson's lands in Moore County and County Line.

IN MOORE COUNTY.

350 acres in four tracts, lying on the waters of Mill creek, on the waters of Governor's creek, known as the Patrick Shields Land.

300 acres on the waters of Pocket and Governor's creek, called the John Gilbert tract.

150 acres on the waters of Big Pocket, adjoining the Lands of Abram Cole and others.

230 acres in three tracts, adjoining Stinson's Land and Chatham County Line.

150 acres granted to Aaron Tyson on Roger's creek, adjoining the above last mentioned tracts.

50 acres adjoining the Wilkie Lands and the Chatham Line, formerly Lemuel Thompson's.

86 acres in two tracts on the waters of Buffalo creek, formerly William Campbell's.

TERMS. A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months will be given for the purchase money (except a sum paid in cash to pay the costs of suit), it secured by a bearing interest from date, with at least two approved sureties.

For further description or any necessary information concerning these Lands, I refer to N. Maclean, Esq. of the County of Wayne, or to Archibald A. Smith, Esq. of Fayetteville.

EDMUND B. FREEMAN, Clerk.
Raleigh, July 7, 1847. 652—150w5f.

BE WISE. No time must be lost by the use of foolish remedies, such as bleeding, or mercury, for they both only put off the evil day to make it more fatal. Even in inflammatory diseases, bleeding never ought to be resorted to, for in nine cases out of ten it will take away the power of nature to effect the cure, even when aided by Brandreth's Pills. They can take out the impurities from the blood, but alas! they cannot put new blood into the body, this requires time, but they can REGENERATE the blood, and when sickness assails us, it is at such a time that we should be careful to have the system and restore the mercurial being to full health, than it is to affect the restoration of the man who has repeatedly been bled. Bleeding and the effects of opium are the greatest antagonists the Brandreth's Pills have to contend against. Let us therefore be wise, and when sickness assails us, let us have recourse to the source of health, if retained, which are derived from Brandreth's Pills, have to be felt to be believed. The seeds of decay can be constantly eradicated by their use, and the PRINCIPLE or LIFE—This Blood—strengthened. Thus protracting vigor of body and mind to a period when we have been accustomed to see the fading of the intellect.

These Pills are for sale, at twenty-five cents per box, by an Agent in every town in the State, and by WILLIAM PECK, Raleigh.

SALE OF TOWN LOTS.

In the new County of Polk, N. C.

THE sale of Town Lots in the County of Polk, North Carolina, will commence on the 21st day of July next, and continue from day to day until all are sold.

One and two years credit will be given, but notes with approved security are required.

This County was established by an act of the last session of the Legislature out of a portion of Rutherford and Henderson Counties. The county embraces a fine, healthy, industrious, and enterprising population. It contains a large quantity of fine grain lands, and immense forests of the finest timber. A portion of it is mountainous, presenting some of the most beautiful and romantic scenery imaginable. Its climate for healthfulness and pleasantness is altogether unsurpassed.

The County Site is located on an extensive plain about six miles from the mountains, and in full view of them. The country around is level and beautiful, and the roads, crossing in all directions, will be made very fine for wagons, carriages, and vehicles of every description.

This town will be 30 miles from Greenville, S. C.; 24 miles from Spartanburg, C. H., S. C.; 28 miles from the Lincolnton springs, S. C.; 18 miles west of Rutherford, N. C.; 25 miles from Hendersonville and Flat Rock, N. C.

The county abounds in the finest timber, stone quarries, and clay of the best kind for building purposes.

Persons abroad are invited to attend the sale of the Lots.

To all persons in search of health and amusements, and desirous of the advantages of schools, churches, society, and the most abundant and romantic countries in the world, a fine opportunity is presented for purchasing and improving in this new town.

The contracts for the building of the Court House, and Jail, will be let out on the 1st day of August next. Undertakers are desired to attend and submit plans to the Commissioners for said buildings.

COLUMBUS MILLS, } Com.
W. F. JONES, }
HENRY M. EARLE, } 662-2f.

July 15, 1847.

Bailey's Syrup of Wild Cherry.

FOR coughs, colds, asthma, influenza, whooping-cough, spitting of blood, and all pulmonary diseases. *Bailey's Syrup*, for all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, salt rheum, scrofula, king's evil, chronic rheumatism, dyspepsia, diseases of the skin, bones, old ulcers, &c.

Bailey's Food and Aque Remedy—The most invaluable medicine, entirely vegetable preparation—and sure cure.

Bailey's American Vermifuge—A sure exterminator of worms from the system, in general use throughout the United States.

Bailey's unrivalled Military Shaving Cream—This article has stood the test for eight years, and gained for itself a high reputation throughout the United States, Canada, and all the civilized world.

Bailey's superior Indelible Ink—With and without preparation; warranted the best article of the kind in use.

For sale by the Druggists generally throughout the country, and at wholesale and retail by

WM. BAILEY, proprietor of Apothecaries' Hall,
Corner of Fulton and Sands Sts. Brooklyn; and by
WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

July 14, 1847. 661—6m.

Common Schools.

A meeting of the Board of Superintendents of Common Schools for Wayne County, held in Raleigh on Saturday the third day of July, 1847. Messrs. J. M. Lovejoy, William White, and Rufus Jones were appointed a Committee of Examination for Wake, in pursuance of the Act of the last session of the Legislature, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act to consolidate and amend the act heretofore passed on the subject of Common Schools." It will be the duty of the Committee to examine into the state of the schools, both mental and moral, of all such persons as may apply for employment as Teachers in any of the Common Schools in this county; and hereafter, under the aforesaid law, no person will be employed as a Common School Teacher, who shall not have obtained from the Committee, "a certificate of his good moral character and sufficient mental qualifications as such Teacher."

The Committee thus appointed, will hold their meetings every Saturday in Raleigh, when and where they will examine persons who may apply, and grant certificates, authorizing them to teach for one year from date.

June 6, 1847. 661—4f.

Register and Star will copy four times.

NEW STORE.

Groceries, Dry Goods, and Hardware.

THE Subscriber has just commenced business at the old stand of J. R. WHITAKER's on Fayetteville Street, nearly opposite the Court House, where he intends to keep constantly on hand *Family Groceries of all kinds and of the best quality*, such as Flour, Bacon, Meal, Lard, Salt, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Pepper, Spice, and Ginger, and many other articles. *Dry Goods*, such as Cottons, Worsts, Silks, Ovens, Water Irons, Trace Chains, Sewing Hoods, Nails, of all sizes, Coffee Mills, Curry Combs, Stock and Pad Stocks, Hinges, Screws, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, and Files. A large lot of *cracked and uncracked Domestic*, Spun Cotton, and a large lot of *cracked and uncracked Domestic*, do a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be sold as low as can be afforded. As every attention will be paid in trying to please all who call, as to quantity and price, the Subscriber feels confident that he can sell to all who are in want of the above articles, if they will give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. Meal and Lard will be taken in exchange for Goods.

June 24, 1847. 660—4f.

IREY BECK, Jr.

To the Public.

On Tuesday last, the 6th day of July, my Husband, whose name is *William Dancy Smith*, and our little children, and went off in company with a woman named *Polly Lassiter*. I understood they left Raleigh in the Fayetteville Stage.

The object of this notice is, to put the public on their guard against the said William Dancy Smith, in order to avoid being deceived by him, as he has changed his name; he signs his name *William D. Smith*. He is a man of ordinary size, a little stoop-shouldered, and one of his front teeth on the left side is rotten, and hollow about half way. His eyes are gray, and his hair dark, and he is rather quick spoken, and walks fast. *Polly Lassiter* is a tall, spare-made woman, with a very full mouth, with black eyes and hair. Smith is about twenty-five years old, and the woman thirty-two.

CATHARINE SMITH.
Raleigh, July 10, 1847. 662—4f.

Cape Fear Lands For Sale.

THE Subscriber has permanently settled in Warren County, and now offers for sale his Tract of Land in Chatham county, on the South side, and immediately on the Cape Fear river, last small mile above Avenet's Ferry, and three miles below Haywood, containing between eight and nine hundred acres. The greater part of this Tract is *rich bottom land*, adapted to Tobacco, Cotton, Corn, Wheat, and Oats, &c. There is an open land to work twelve or fifteen hands to advantage, the most of which has been resting for the last five years, and is now in a fine state for making good crops. Terms will be made accommodating, and possession given in time for sowing fall crops.

Mr. Obadiah Farrar, who lives on the land, will show it to any person who may be disposed to purchase, and he can be addressed at Warren, North Carolina, on the subject.

M. T. HAWKINS, Jr.
Register, Fayetteville Carolinian, and Observer, will copy, and forward their accounts to this office.
June 10, 1847. 660—1f.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber will sell without reserve, to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 31st day of July, his HOUSE and LOTS on the right side of Hillsborough Street as it leads from the Capitol, and also his corner Store on the opposite side, now occupied by the Subscriber.

Terms—twelve months credit, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

Persons who may desire to purchase will do well to call before the Sale, and the Subscriber will take pleasure in showing them the premises.

A. G. DRAKE.
661—3f.

July 6, 1847.

THE DAY Published, A Digest Manual of the Acts of the General Assembly of North Carolina, from the year 1838 to the year 1846, by James Ireddell. HENRY D. TURNER.
At the N. C. Book Store. 662

July 14, 1847.

Warren, North Carolina.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

THE Proprietor of this establishment respectfully informs the public, that his house was opened for the reception of visitors on the 18th of June.

Having made very extensive improvements and additions to his buildings, he is prepared to accommodate a much larger company than heretofore, and assures those who may be disposed to favor him, and their patronage, that no trouble or expense will be spared to make his house as pleasant as possible.

The Medicinal properties of the water are admirably adapted to the cure of the Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and Diseases of the Skin; and satisfactory evidence of their virtue may be had in the immediate vicinity of the Springs. Persons travelling on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, will always find a Hack ready for their accommodation at Henderson and at the Warrenton depot.

CHARGES:

Families per month, \$16 00
Families per week, 6 00
Families per day, 1 00
Single person per month, 30 00
Single person per week, 7 50
Single person per day, 1 25
Children and Servants, half price.
Horses per month, 12 00
Horses per week, 3 50
Horses per day, 75

ANALYSIS OF THE WATER BY PROF. HARDY.

One quart (wine measure) contains sulphuretted hydrogen gas, 250 grains in. Carbonic acid gas, 5000 do. Sulphur: Magnesia, 62 grains. Sulphur: Lime, 5.9 do. Oxide of Iron, .3 do. Muric acid of Soda, .3 do. Carbonate of Lime, 1.00 do.

WILLIAM D. JONES.
June 28, 1847. 659—6f.

Valuable Property for Sale.

IN Chapel Hill.

BEING desirous to move to a new country, I offer for sale my House, Lots, and Tanyard, in the village of Chapel Hill. One of the lots contains four acres, has upon it a good dwelling House, Kitchen, Smoke house, Corn crib, Barn, Stables, &c.; upon one corner of this lot is the Tanyard, which has thirty-five barrels of necessary houses, tools and fixtures, the convenience of which is not surpassed by any Tanyard in this part of the country. It has been in operation about twelve years, and has proved itself to be good property. These being no other tannery in some twelve miles, it is every way a good stand for the business.

The other lot contains nine acres, and has upon it a comfortable dwelling for a small family—a portion of the lot is in meadow, which yields annually more than fifty dollars worth of good hay.

The two lots are adjoining, and form nearly a square of three acres, all of which is in good repair and well situated.

It is believed that the land and improvements, without the tanyard, is worth the price asked for the entire premises. It is necessary to state other considerations which render this property most desirable, as no person would buy without first seeing and judging for themselves. On early application, terms shall be accommodated.

P. H. MEDADE.
Chapel Hill, June 16, 1847. 663—4f.

State of North Carolina, Wayne County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1847.

Henry Pope, ex. James Martin, Theophilus T. Simmons, ex. James Martin, Bunyan Barnes, ex. James Martin.

Original Attachment, &c.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, for six weeks, notifying the said Jas. Martin, to be and appear before the justices of said Court, at the Court to be held for said county at the Court house in Waynesborough, on the 31st Monday in August next, then and there to plead or reply; otherwise judgment final will be rendered against him, and the property levied upon, condemned subject to the plaintiff's recovery. Witness, Jno. A. Green, clerk of said Court at office the 1st July, 1847. JNO. A. GREEN, Clerk.
1st July, 1847. Pr. adv. \$5 62 1/2. 661—6f.

State of North Carolina, Wayne County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1847.

Wilson Dewry, use of Dibble and Brothers, ex. William J. Pearsall.

Attachment levied on land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, for six weeks, notifying the said James Martin, to be and appear before the justices of said Court, at the Court to be held for said county at the Court house in Waynesborough, on the 31st Monday in August next, then and there to plead or reply; otherwise judgment final will be rendered against him, and the property levied upon, condemned subject to the plaintiff's recovery. Witness, Jno. A. Green, clerk of said Court at office the 1st July, 1847. JNO. A. GREEN, Clerk.
1st July, 1847. Pr. adv. \$5 62 1/2. 661—6f.

State of North Carolina, Chatham county.

TO all whom this may concern, I, Berry Mason, of said County and State, hereby do hereby certify that I have and am now in possession of all and any persons whatsoever against trading or contracting any debts with my wife, Elizabeth Mason, as I will not be responsible for or pay any debts of her contracting; she having during my absence, as my agent and board.

BERRY MASON.
June 21, 1847. 660—4f. pd.

Cheaper than ever.

JAQUES, RICHES & CO., Petersburg, Virginia.

JAQUES recently received an addition to their present supply of *Pine Fences*, made of the very best material. They have a great variety of patterns of both *Roadwood* and *Mahogany*, from the most celebrated Northern Manufacturers, which cannot be surpassed for beauty of finish and strength of construction. In order to hold out inducements to purchasers, they have determined to sell upon unusually low terms. Their instruments will in every case be warranted to prove equal to the representation given of them; otherwise they may be returned at the expense of the purchaser within six months from the delivery, and another taken in its stead.

They have received numerous voluntary testimonials from individuals who have made purchases of them. As an evidence of the satisfaction they give, they beg leave to exhibit the following, as one among many others now in their possession. They have had no opportunity of obtaining the consent of this gentleman to its publication; they therefore beg his forgiveness for the liberty taken.

May 15, 1847. 660—4f.

Ten Dollars Reward.

I will pay the above reward to any person who will deliver me my negro man George, or confine him in Jail so that I get him. He left my plantation 7 miles south west of Oxford, on the 3d inst.; he is an Albino, 25 years old, of ordinary stature, stout and muscular; he will perform any endeavor to pass for a free negro or a white man.

JAMES COOPER.
Oxford, July 7, 1847. 662—4f.

Weekly Register will copy till forced.

A Good Miller Wanted.

THE Subscriber wishes to engage the services of a good Miller, to take care of his Flour Mill. No person need apply, unless he can come well recommended, and can turn out good Merchantable Flour. To such a Miller as will suit him the subscriber is willing to give wages.

WILL R. HARRIS.
Wake County, June 28, 1847. 660—1f.

Highest Cash prices.

GIVEN for OLD CASTINGS, delivered at the ROCKVILLE FOUNDRY. S. BURNS.
Raleigh, July 1, 1847. 661—1m.

Young Ladies' School.

THE Exercises of this School, under the supervision of the Misses Partridge, will be resumed on Thursday the 1st of July.

Persons as heretofore, will be received.

Raleigh, June 28, 1847. 660—